

Radial Restraint: A Semantically Clean Approach to Bounded Rationality for Logic Programs[†]

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Paper presentation (15-min.) and also poster presentation
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[‡] <http://www.aaai.org/Conferences/AAAI/aaai13.php>

Overview

- Motivation: extend databases to richer/meta* knowledge
 - $\rightarrow\rightarrow$ Need logical functions in LP
 - LP = declarative logic programs: the logic of SQL and pure Prolog
- Problem: functions create potential for runaway computation
 - Fundamental in semantics: potentially infinite set of answers to a query
 - Example: `num(0). num(succ(?x)) :- num(?x). Query ?- num(?y).`
Answers for ?y: `0, succ(0), succ(succ(0)), succ(succ(succ(0))), ...`
- New Approach: radial restraint – a form of bounded rationality
 - Specify a bound on normed depth of terms that are reasoned about
 - Extend reasoning procedure (SLG) with term abstraction. Incurs low overhead.
- Leverages “*undefined*” truth value to represent “not bothering”
 - The other 2 truth values are *true* and *false* (cf. negation-as-failure)
 - Extends LP’s well-founded semantics where *undefined* is used for paradoxicality
 - Sound, even when reasoning is non-monotonic
- Provides “valves” to ensure computational scalability
- Fully semantic, enabling social scalability

* For more info, see [Grosz et al, AAI-13 Semantic Web Rules Tutorial] – largely about Rulelog

Paper Abstract (same as in Proceedings)

- Declarative logic programs (LP) based on the well-founded semantics (WFS) are widely used for knowledge representation (KR).
- Logical functions are desirable expressively in KR, but when present make LP inferencing become undecidable.
- In this paper, we present radial restraint: a novel approach to bounded rationality in LP.
- Radial restraint is parameterized by a norm that measures the syntactic complexity of a term, along with an abstraction function based on that norm.
- When a term exceeds a bound for the norm, the term is assigned the WFS's third truth-value of undefined.
- If the norm is finitary, radial restraint guarantees finiteness of models and decidability of inferencing, even when logical functions are present.
- It further guarantees soundness, even when non-monotonicity is present.
- We give a fixed-point semantics for radially restrained well-founded models which soundly approximate well-founded models.
- We also show how to perform correct inferencing relative to such models, via SLGABS, an extension of tabled SLG resolution that uses norm-based abstraction functions.
- Finally we discuss how SLGABS is implemented in the engine of XSB Prolog, and scales to knowledge bases with more than 10^8 rules and facts.

Motivations I

- LP is the logic of databases (SQL, SPARQL, XQuery) and pure Prolog
 - Also it's the logic of:
 - Production/event-condition-action business rules (the declarative fragment)
 - \$ multi-billion industry
 - Rule-based basic semantic web ontologies: RDF-Schema, OWL-RL
 - LP – not FOL – is “the 99%” of practical structured info management today
 - (LP = declarative logic programs)
- The practically-used fragment of LP is primarily function-free
 - All the above except pure Prolog are essentially limited to function-free
 - (Function here means function symbol of arity > 0)

Motivations II

- Want richer expressively, yet also scalable
 - Richness to represent natural language, science, policy (incl. contracts, regulation, law), info integration mappings, meta-knowledge, etc.
 - E.g., cf. Rulelog*, which extends LP
 - Scalability includes:
 - Computational, e.g., tractability (worst-case polynomial time)
 - Social, for authoring/consumption by wide set of organizations/people
- Functions are needed for such higher-abstraction KR/KA
 - Skolemization for existential knowledge
 - Hilog for meta knowledge, e.g., defeasibility and textual logic*
 - (Higher-abstraction means higher level of conceptual abstraction)
 - (KR = Knowledge Representation & reasoning)
 - (KA = Knowledge Acquisition)

* For more info, see [Grosz et al, AAIL-13 Semantic Web Rules Tutorial]

Problem of Runaway

- Problem: functions create potential for runaway computation
 - Due to recursion through functions
 - Fundamental in semantics: potentially infinite set of answers to a query
 - Leads to undecidability of inferencing
- Example: numberline
 - Assert
 - `number(0).`
 - `number((s(?x)) :- number(?x).` // s is a function, mnemonic for “successor”
// “?” prefixes a variable. “:-” can be read as “if”.
 - Query `?- num(?y).`
 - Set of answers is infinite: `0, s(0), s(s(0)), s(s(s(0))), ...`
- FOL (first order logic) suffers from this potential for runaway, too

Past Workaround

- Technique often used in practice to stop runaway, e.g., in Prolog:
 - Cut off inferencing when bound on term nestedness depth is exceeded
 - Assign *false* (naf) truth value beyond that
- Drawbacks
 - Not semantic: One configuration of one instance of one implementation
 - Not sound, when knowledge/reasoning is non-monotonic (e.g., defeasible)

New Approach: Radial Restraint

- A form of bounded rationality
 - Specify a bound on normed depth of terms that are reasoned about
 - Intuition: Provides “valves” to ensure computational scalability
- Leverages “*undefined*” truth value to represent “not bothering”
 - The other 2 truth values are *true* and *false* (cf. negation-as-failure)
 - Extends LP’s well-founded semantics (WFS) which has *undefined*
- Stops runaway
- Ensures soundness, even when reasoning is non-monotonic
- Fully semantic, enabling social scalability

- Approach includes semantics, extending the WFS
- Previous usage for *undefined* in WFS is to represent paradoxicality
 - Such paradoxicality can arise from cyclic dependency through naf (a.k.a. “unstratified” naf)
 - Intuition: oscillatory instability is treated as meta-stable
 - Example 1: $p \text{ :- } \text{naf } p.$
 - Example 2: $p \text{ :- } \text{naf } q. \quad q \text{ :- } \text{naf } p.$

Details of Technical Approach

- Develop a technical approach based on term abstraction
- In term abstraction: replace a subterm by a (fresh) variable
- View Herbrand universe/base as a tree of (ground) terms
- Beyond the radial frontier in that tree, everything goes misty, i.e., *undefined*
- Radius bounds a norm on terms
- The norm can be size, nestedness, or more complex
- I.e., one sacrifices (normed) term depth of reasoning beyond what's anticipated as relevant
- Ensures finiteness, decidability

Example: Numberline, revisited

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE with the SILK system. The main editor displays the following code:

```
1@[strict] number(0);
2@[strict] number(s(?x)) :- number(?x) ;
3
4//silk:flora("?- set_prolog_flag(max_table_answer_depth, 15)@
5
6// ?- silk:radius_radialRestraint(15); // set radius (side eff
7
8// ?- number(?x);
```

The left sidebar shows the 'Computational Resource Control' panel with the following settings:

- Abolish all tables
- View All Engine Flags
- Max Memory (KB): 0
- Max Answer Action: failure
- Max Answer Depth: 100
- Max Answer List Action: failure
- Max Answer List Depth: 100
- Max Subgoal Action: failure
- Max Subgoal Depth: 500
- Unity With Occurs Check: off
- Set Flag Values Now
- Reset to Default Values
- Rules Strict by default?: true
- Engine Forest Tracing: See last nodes..., ..with unique rules
- Snapshotting to c:\Temp\silk\forestLogSnapshot_3783167
- Start Engine Trace
- View Trace
- Table Dump: Reload, Start Clean

The bottom console shows the execution results of the query:

```
SILK Engine
stage:begin, currentQuery:'number(?x)@main.', status=12M of 19M, 0 uncomplete
stage:end, currentQuery:'number(?x)@main.', status=12M of 19M, 0 uncomplete
done: 17 results in 47 ms : ?- number(?x);
1: { ?x: s(0) } - TRUE
2: { ?x: s(s(0)) } - TRUE
3: { ?x: s(s(s(0))) } - TRUE
4: { ?x: s(s(s(s(0)))) } - TRUE
5: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(0)))) ) } - TRUE
6: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(0)))))) } - TRUE
7: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
8: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
9: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
10: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
11: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
12: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
13: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
14: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
15: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - TRUE
16: { ?x: s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(s(0))))))) } - UNDEFINED
17: { ?x: 0 } - TRUE
```

• Here, radius is 15.

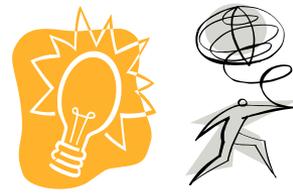
• Screenshot is from UI in Vulcan Inc.'s SILK system.

Proof theory and Implementation

- Approach includes full proof theory
 - Extends SLG resolution \rightarrow SLGABS
 - SLG is state-of-art LP inferencing procedure which uses “tabling”
 - Tabling = query-driven but saves/reuses work on subgoals
 - Mixes backward and forward inferencing
- Implemented in XSB: LP system that supports logical functions and well founded semantics, with excellent completeness
 - Open source
- Scales to knowledge bases with over 100 Million rules and facts
- Incurs low overhead (computationally)
 - Compared to SLG without radial restraint

Follow-on, Ongoing, and Future Work

- Analyze how ensures tractability not just decidability
 - “Dial-your-own” polynomial degree (radius choice is the dial)
- More kinds of restraint: “skipping”, unsafety, unreturn, anytime
 - See [Anderson et al: RuleML-2013 (best demo award); WLPE-2013]
 - About advanced knowledge base debugging in Rulelog
 - Meta power (expressively) of Rulelog enables the bounded rationality to be specified declaratively within the logic/KR (language) itself
- Extend to other logics, incl. classical
- Opens a field – theoretical and empirical – of finding conditions for restraint that are useful
- Perspective: meta power in reasoning → transcend the XOR trade-off between expressiveness versus decidability/tractability in KR



Thank You

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